

HARTIP 3000+PORTABLE HARDNESS TESTER



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1 Leeb Hardness Test (definition)

An impact body with a spherical test tip made of tungsten carbide is propelled against the sample surface by a spring force and then rebounds back. At a distance of 1mm from the sample surface, the impact and rebound velocities of the impact body are measured by the following method: when passing through the coil in its coil holder, a permanent magnet embedded in the impact body induces in the coil an electric voltage proportional to the velocity of the magnet. Leeb hardness (HL) is expressed by

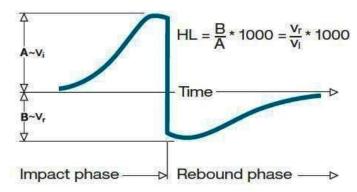
$$HL = \frac{Vr}{Vi} * 1000$$

Where HL = Leeb Hardness

 V_r = rebound velocity of the impact body

 V_i = impact velocity of the impact body

The output voltage of the coil when the impact body passes through the induction coil is illustrated in the following figure:



A Leeb's Hardness Tester measures the hardness of sample material in terms of Hardness Leeb (HL), which can be readily converted into other Hardness units (Rockwell B and C, Vickers, Brinell and Shore D, etc.)

Notation of Leeb's Hardness

When measuring the hardness of a sample material using the traditional static hardness testing method, a change of applied pressure will result in a change in the hardness reading. This will also happen during a Leeb's Hardness test when one changes the impact device. In hardness measurement of the same test sample with different impact devices, the Leeb's hardness values obtained will vary.

For example: 720HLD≠720HLC

Because different converting curves are obtained from different impact devices, when converting hardness HL into another hardness values, the notation for the converted hardness value should include the impact device used.

For example:

Hardness HV converted from hardness HL using impact device D+15 should be written as 22, 8 HV LD+15.

Where: 22=Hardness value HL

8=Hardness value HV

L=Leeb's Method

D+15=Impact device

Hardness HRC converted from hardness L using impact device D should be written as 35, 9 HRCLD.

Where: 35=Hardness value HL

9=Hardness value HRC

L=Leeb's Method

D=Impact device

2 Specifications, Features and Applications

2.1 Introduction

HARTIP 3000+ is a new generation of Leeb hardness tester with more advanced technology and features. The tester applies our new patent dual-coil sensor technology which makes the tester more accurate than old previous model. All impact devices (probes) do not need to set up impact direction. HARTIP 3000+ can work with both analogy impact device and wireless RF probe.

The measuring values can be downloaded to PC and printer by wireless or by cable.

The HARTIP 3000+ also can be powered by USB power supply without battery via PC cable.

2.2 Specifications

Principle Leeb hardness measurement

Accuracy ±0.3% @ HL=800

Repeatability ±2HL

Display resolution 1HL, 0.1HRC

Display 2.8" 320 x 240 TFT color LCD - suitable under sunshine

Hardness scale HL/HRC/HRB/HB/HV/HS/HRA/ MPa

Measuring range HL100-960 / HRC0.9-79.2 / HRB1.0-140 / HB1-1878 / HV1-1698 / HS0.5-

1370 / HRA1.0-88.5 / MPa(rm)1-6599N/mm²

Impact device standard cable probe D

DC / DL / D+15 / G / C / E

Materials and curves 12 common metal materials

Indicator Upper limit / Lower limit / low battery / buzzer warning / date and time

Communication interface USB / RS232 Continuous working time >40 hours

Power supply 1.5V AA alkaline battery x 4 / 1.2V nickel-hydrogen rechargeable battery x

4 / 3.7V Li-ion rechargeable battery x 4 / USB power supply

Working environment $-10^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +45^{\circ}\text{C}$ Dimension 195x84x38mm

Weight 550g (battery not included)

Standard Conforming to ASTM A956, DIN 50156, GB/T 17394-1998

2.3 Features

- ✓ No need to setup different impact direction
- ✓ Higher accuracy with dual-coil technology
- ✓ TFT large color LCD with pixel 320 x 240
- ✓ Multi-color style suitable under sunshine
- ✓ Real date and time
- ✓ Calibration by user

2.4 Applications

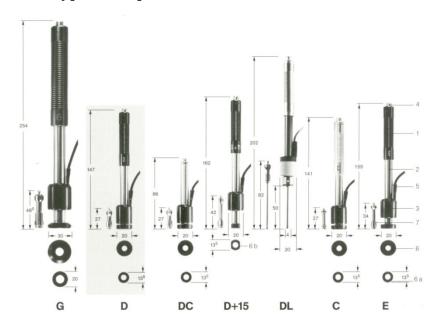
- ✓ Hardness tests on installed machines or steel structures: heavy and large work-pieces or permanently installed system parts.
- ✓ Rapid testing of multiple measuring areas for examination of hardness variations over larger regions.
- ✓ Hardness measurements for produced parts on production line.
- ✓ Identifying metallic material stored in warehouse.
- ✓ Ineffectiveness analysis of permanent parts, pressure -vessels, turbo generators, etc.

3 Hardness Tester Parts Names

3.1 Main body



3.2 Types of Impact Devices



- 1 Loading tube
- 2 Guiding tube
- 3 Coil holder with coil
- 4 Release button
- 5 Connecting cable leading to the indicating device with coil plug
- 6 Large supporting ring
- 7 Impact body

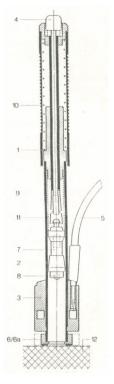
3.3 Special Features of Impact Devices

| Туре | Brief description | Brief description | | | | | |
|------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| D | Universal standa | Universal standard unit for majority of hardness testing assignments. | | | | | |
| DC | Extremely short impact device, other specs identical with type D. | | | | | | |
| | Application: | - highly confined spaces | | | | | |
| | | - holes and cylinders | | | | | |
| | | - internal measurements on assembled machines | | | | | |
| D+15 | Slim front section | on . | | | | | |
| | Application: | - grooves and recessed surfaces. | | | | | |
| DL | Extremely slim | Extremely slim front section | | | | | |
| | Application: | - extremely confined spaces | | | | | |
| | | - base of grooves | | | | | |
| С | Reduced impact | Reduced impact energy (compared with type D). | | | | | |
| | Application: - surface hardened components, coatings | | | | | | |
| | | - minimum layer thickness: 0.2mm. | | | | | |
| | | - thin walled or impact sensitive components (small measuring indentation). | | | | | |
| Е | Synthetic diamo | Synthetic diamond test tip (approx.5000 HV). | | | | | |
| | Application: | | | | | | |
| G | Increased impac | Increased impact energy(approx. 9 times that of type D) | | | | | |
| | Application: | - Brinell hardness range only | | | | | |
| | | - heavy cast and forged parts with lower demands on surface finish. | | | | | |

3.4 Internal Structure of Impact Devices

Status: impact spring stressed

- 1 Loading tube
- 2 Guiding tube
- 3 Coil with holder
- 4 Release button
- 5 Connection cable (3-pole)
- 6 Large support ring
- 6a Small support ring
- 7 Impact body
- 8 Spherical test tip
- 9 Impact spring
- 10 Loading spring
- 11 Catch chuck
- 12 Material under test



Impact device model DC is not equipped with a loading tube; since it is loaded by means of a separate stick. Impact devices should not be disassembled; otherwise misalignments in the spring system and the transmitter will occur.

4 Symbols and Illustrations

4.1 Meaning of Various Symbols

| Symbol | Meaning |
|--------|--|
| LD | Leeb hardness value obtained with impact device D |
| LDC | Leeb hardness value obtained with impact device DC |
| LG | Leeb hardness value obtained with impact device G |
| LC | Leeb hardness value obtained with impact device C |
| LD15 | Leeb hardness value obtained with impact device D+15 |
| LE | Leeb hardness value obtained with impact device E |
| LDL | Leeb hardness value obtained with impact device DL |

| Symbol | Meaning | | | |
|--------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| HL | Leeb hardness value | | | |
| HRC | Rockwell C hardness value | | | |
| HRB | Rockwell B hardness value | | | |
| НВ | Brinell hardness value | | | |
| HV | Vickers hardness value | | | |
| HS | Shore hardness value | | | |
| HRA | Rockwell A hardness value | | | |
| МРа | Intensity of tension | | | |

4.2 Measurement and Conversion Table

Range for measurement and conversion:

| PROBE D/DC HLD: 100-960 | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|----------|--------|-------------------------|
| MATERIALS | HRC | HRB | НВ | HV | HS | HRA | MPa(N/mm ²) |
| STEEL/CAST STEEL | 1-74.7 | 1.2-140 | 28-1027 | 45-1230 | 4.0-112 | 7-88.5 | 118-3315 |
| ALLOY TOOL STEEL | 0.9-78.7 | * | 15-1878 | 32-1698 | 5.5-128 | * | 79-6599 |
| STAINLESS STEEL | 3.7-62.4 | 8.3-101.7 | 85-655 | 36-802 | 6-131 | * | 108-1725 |
| LAMELLAR IRON | 21-59 | 24-100 | 35-570 | 90-698 | 6-83 | * | * |
| NODULAR IRON | 21-60 | 24-100 | 62-857 | 96-724 | 8-90 | * | * |
| CAST ALUMINUM | 1-48 | 24-85 | 19-445 | 22-193 | 3-64 | * | 129-2618 |
| BRASS | 1-53 | 1.5-99.6 | 32-477 | 29-495 | 5-65 | 32-76 | 258-4146 |
| BRONZE | 1-56 | 14-100 | 15-505 | 11-535 | 2-68 | 29-76 | 190-1860 |
| WROUGHT COPPER | 1-54 | 14-100 | 39-569 | 38-590 | 6-73 | * | * |
| FORGING STEEL | 1-72 | * | 50-1060 | 48-1110 | 7-103 | * | 200-3750 |
| ROLLING STEEL | 1-72 | * | 82-1380 | 83-1440 | 14-117.8 | * | 310-4860 |

| PROBE DL | DL: 100- | 980 | | | | | |
|------------------|----------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|-----|------------|
| MATERIALS | HRC | HRB | НВ | HV | HS | HRA | MPa(N/mm²) |
| STEEL/CAST STEEL | 1-73 | 1.5-109.5 | 1-1026 | 1-1167 | 0.5-100 | * | 24-3517 |
| ALLOY TOOL STEEL | 2.4-79.2 | * | 5-1489 | 2.0-1556 | 1-122 | * | 38-5063 |
| STAINLESS STEEL | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| LAMELLAR IRON | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| NODULAR IRON | 13-78.4 | 38-110 | 50-1271 | 5-1160 | 1.5-102 | * | * |
| CAST ALUMINUM | 1-57 | 1.6-120 | 3-736 | 12-645 | 2.5-74 | * | * |
| BRASS | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| BRONZE | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| WROUGHT COPPER | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| FORGING STEEL | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| ROLLING STEEL | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |

| PROBE E | HLE: 100- | 960 | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------|-------|---------|---------|---------|------|------------|
| MATERIALS | HRC | HRB | НВ | HV | HS | HRA | MPa(N/mm²) |
| STEEL/CAST STEEL | 6.3-78.5 | 3-140 | 24-1144 | 24-1369 | 3.6-121 | 1-88 | 54-3800 |
| ALLOY TOOL STEEL | 10.5-83.2 | * | 8-1840 | 24-1659 | 10-1370 | * | 1-1460 |
| STAINLESS STEEL | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| LAMELLAR IRON | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| NODULAR IRON | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CAST ALUMINUM | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| BRASS | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| BRONZE | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| WROUGHT COPPER | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| FORGING STEEL | * | * | * | * | | * | * |
| ROLLING STEEL | 1.4-81 | * | 98-1529 | 68-1541 | 16-124 | * | 262-5274 |

| PROBE G | HLG: 100- | 900 | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------|-------|--------|----|----|-----|-------------------------|
| MATERIALS | HRC | HRB | НВ | HV | HS | HRA | MPa(N/mm ²) |
| STEEL/CAST STEEL | * | 1-133 | 10-946 | * | * | * | * |
| ALLOY TOOL STEEL | * | * | 19-804 | * | * | * | * |
| STAINLESS STEEL | * | * | 10-844 | * | * | * | * |
| LAMELLAR IRON | * | * | 5-804 | * | * | * | * |
| NODULAR IRON | * | * | 5-998 | * | * | * | * |
| CAST ALUMINUM | * | 1-120 | 8-635 | * | * | * | * |
| BRASS | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| BRONZE | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| WROUGHT COPPER | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| FORGING STEEL | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| ROLLING STEEL | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |

| PROBE C | HLC: 100-96 | 50 | | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|-----|--------|---------|-------|-----|------------|
| MATERIALS | HRC | HRB | НВ | HV | HS | HRA | MPa(N/mm²) |
| STEEL/CAST STEEL | 5-72.5 | * | 23-953 | 23-1125 | 5-111 | * | * |
| ALLOY TOOL STEEL | 4-77.2 | * | * | 43-1566 | * | * | * |
| STAINLESS STEEL | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| LAMELLAR IRON | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| NODULAR IRON | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CAST ALUMINUM | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| BRASS | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| BRONZE | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| WROUGHT COPPER | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| FORGING STEEL | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| ROLLING STEEL | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |

| PROBE D+15 | HLD | +15: 100-960 | | | | | |
|------------------|--------|--------------|--------|----------|-------|-----|------------|
| MATERIALS | HRC | HRB | НВ | HV | HS | HRA | MPa(N/mm²) |
| STEEL/CAST STEEL | 1-69.8 | * | 12-999 | 12-1221 | 2-112 | * | * |
| ALLOY TOOL STEEL | 1.3-78 | * | * | 2.0-1485 | * | * | * |
| STAINLESS STEEL | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| LAMELLAR IRON | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| NODULAR IRON | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| CAST ALUMINUM | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| BRASS | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| BRONZE | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| WROUGHT COPPER | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| FORGING STEEL | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| ROLLING STEEL | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |

5 Preparation before Measuring

5.1 Requirements to the sample

Surface temperature of the sample should be lower than 120 °C.

The sample must feature a metallic smooth and ground surface, in order to eliminate erroneous measurements caused by coarse grinding or lathe scoring. Roughness of the finished surface should not exceed values shown in following table:

| Types of impact devices | Max surface roughness of sample Ra |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| D/ DC, D+15,DL,E | 2μm |
| G | 7μm |
| С | 0.4μm |

5.2 Requirements related to sample weight

For samples weighing over 5 kg and of compact shape, no support is needed.

Samples weighing between 2-5 kg, and also for heavier samples with protruding parts or thin walls, should be placed on a solid support in such a manner that they do not bend or move by the impact force.

Samples weighing less than 2 kg should be firmly coupled with a stable support weighing over 5 kg. For coupling purposes,

The coupling surface between the sample and base plate should be flat, plane parallel and ground.

A proper thin layer of coupling paste is to be applied to the contact surface of the sample.

The sample should be firmly pressed against the base plate surface by moving it with a circular motion.

The direction of impact should be perpendicular to the coupling surface.

For the coupling operation, the following prerequisites must be fulfilled:

Contact surface between the sample and the base plate must be flat, plane parallel and ground.

The direction of the test impact must be perpendicular to the coupled surface.

Minimum thickness of the sample for coupling under various impact devices are shown in following table:

| Types of impact devices | Minimum thickness |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| D/DC,D+15,DL,E | 3mm |
| G | 10mm |
| С | 1mm |

Proper Coupling:

Proper coupling requires a little experience. Insufficiently coupled samples produce large variation among measurements and abnormally low L-values while the operation is characterized by a rattling noise upon impact of the test tip.

Examples for coupling a test piece with a base plate:



Application of the coupling paste (As thin as possible).



Mutual rubbing of both parts while firmly press the sample against the base plate.



A particular advanced of coupling is the possibility of obtaining a very uniform, rigid connection between the sample and the support, totally eliminating stresses at the sample surface. The resulting variation in measured values is very low.

Requirement on the surface-hardened layer of the sample

Surface-hardened steels, especially case-hardened steels, produce L-values which are too low when case-hardening depth is small because of their soft core .When measuring with impact devices D, DC, D+15, DL or E,

depth of the hardened layer should be no less than 0.8 mm. When measuring with impact device C, the depth of the hardened layer should be no less than 0.2 mm.

| Types of impact devices | Min. layer thickness for surface hardening | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| D/DC, D+15,DL,E | 0.8mm | |
| С | 0.2mm | |
| G | 1.8mm | |

The test sample should not be magnetic.

For test sample of curving surface, where the radius of curvature R is less than 30mm, a small support ring should be applied.

Requirement on sample weight using various impact devices

| Types of impact | Classification of samples | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| devices | Heavy-weight | medium-weight | light-weight |
| D/DC, D+15,DL,E | >5kg | 2 - 5kg | 0.05 – 2kg |
| G | >15 kg | 5 - 15kg | 0.5 – 5kg |
| С | >1.5kg | 0.5 - 1.5kg | 0.02 - 0.5kg |

When measuring hardness with HARTIP 3000+, the following has to be noticed: Despite the low mass of the impact body and low impact energy, a relatively large impact force within short duration is generated when the impact body hits the measuring surface.

| Types of impact devices | D/DC, D+15, DL, E | G | С |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------|------|
| Max. impact force | 900N | 2500N | 500N |

No particular precautions are necessary for heavy-weight samples with compact shape.

Smaller and lighter samples or workpieces may yield or flex under this force, producing too-low L-values with excessively large variation. Even with big or heavy workpieces, it is possible for thin-wall regions or thinner protruding parts to yield upon impact. Depending on the frequency of the resilient yielding action, the measured L-value may be abnormally low or high. Under many situation, potential problems can be checked in the following manner:

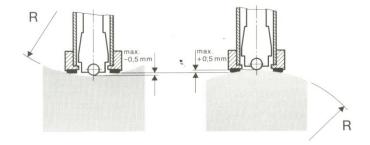
- a) Medium-weight samples and also heavier samples with protruding parts or thin walls should be placed on a solid support in such a manner that they do not move or bend during the test impact.
- b) Light-weight samples should be rigidly "coupled" with a non-yielding support such as a heavy base plate. Clamping in a vice is of no value, since the samples become exposed to stress, and complete rigidity can never be attained. Consequently, measured L-values would be too small and show excessive variations.

Samples with Curved Surfaces

Impact testers only work properly if the impact body has a certain position in the guiding tube at the moment of impact. In the normal position when testing flat and convex-cylindrical samples (such as round samples), the spherical test tip is located exactly at the end of the guiding tube.

However, when testing spherically or cylindrically shaped concave surfaces, the impact body remains further within the guide tube or protrudes further therefore. Thus, with such types of curved surfaces, it should be observed that the radius of curvature R is larger than the values indicated in the following Figure.

Curved surfaces should always be tested with the small support ring.



Impact device types D/DC, D+15, C and E Rmin=30mm

Impact device type G Rmin=50mm

For impact devices D, DC, D+15, C and E, special support rings are available to accommodate smaller radii on convex or concave surface.

| Types of impact devices | Support Ring | Radius for Curved Surface (mm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| D/DC, D+15,C,E | Standard support ring | >60 |
| | Small support ring | 60-30 |
| С | Standard support ring | >100 |
| | Small support ring | 100-50 |

6 Operation

6.1 Function of Key and operation diagram

6.1.1 Function of Key

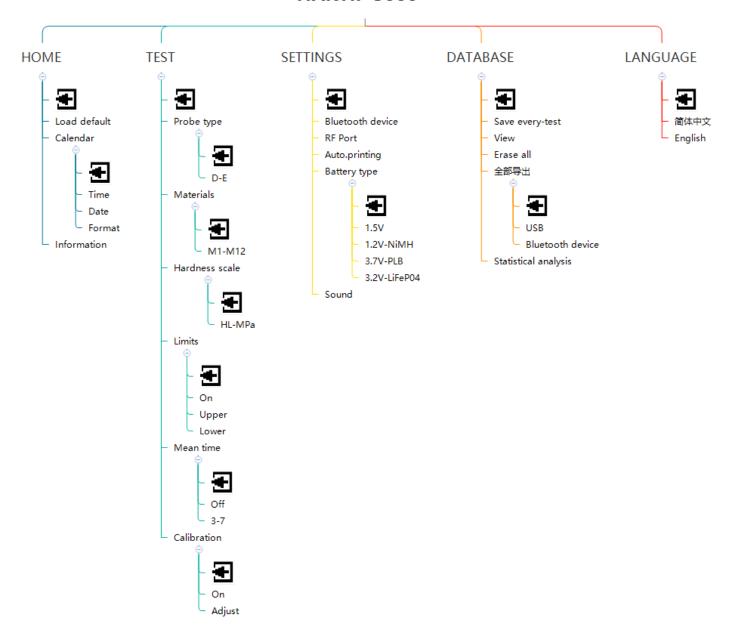


| (b) | Power | Press it shortly: to switch the tester on. | |
|-----|-------------|---|--|
| | | Press and hold it: to switch the tester off. | |
| * | Bluetooth | Press it shortly: to enable Bluetooth function (Optional) | |
| * | Lightness | Press it shortly: to adjust the lightness | |
| | Data Review | Press it shortly: to enter data review mode | |
| | Display | Press it shortly: to switch measuring modes | |

| (\$) | Test Menu | Press it shortly: to enter test menu | |
|-------------|------------------------|--|--|
| | Upward | Press it shortly: to move the cursor up | |
| | Increase | Press it shortly: to increase current number | |
| | Downward | Press it shortly: to move the cursor down. | |
| | Decrease | Press it shortly: to decrease current number | |
| • | Leftward | Press it shortly: to move the cursor left | |
| ▶ | Rightward | Press it shortly: to move the cursor right | |
| | Delete | Press it shortly: to delete data | |
| | Back to measuring mode | Press it shortly: to go back to measuring mode | |
| | Enter | Press it shortly: to confirm. | |
| | Back to measuring mode | Press it shortly: to go back to measuring mode | |

7 Operation Diagram

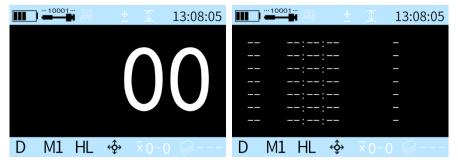
HARTIP 3000+



7.1 Turn On/Off the Instrument

Press shortly to turn on the instrument, then the tester will enter measuring mode, Press and hold to turn off the tester.

Press to switch different measuring modes.



7.2 Home Menu

Press to enter test menu and then press to enter home menu. Press or to select different items. Press to enter. After adjustment, press to confirm. Press to return to Measuring screen.



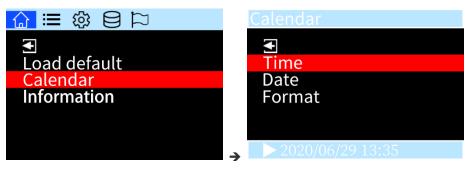
7.3 Load Default

Press to enter test menu and then press to enter home menu. Press or to select Load Default. Press to enter. Select "ON" and then press to load default setting. Press to go back to Home menu, or press to return to Measuring screen.



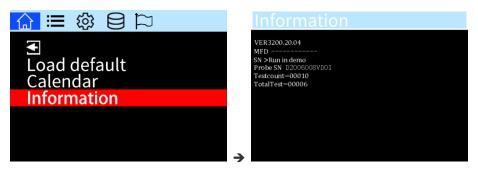
7.4 Calendar

Press to enter test menu and then press to enter home menu. Press or to select Calendar. Press to enter. Select Time / Date / Format and press to adjust. Press to go back to Home menu, or press to return to Measuring screen.



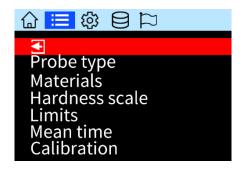
7.5 Information

Press to enter test menu and then press to enter home menu. Press or to select Information. Press to show information page. Press to go back to Home menu, or press to return to Measuring screen.

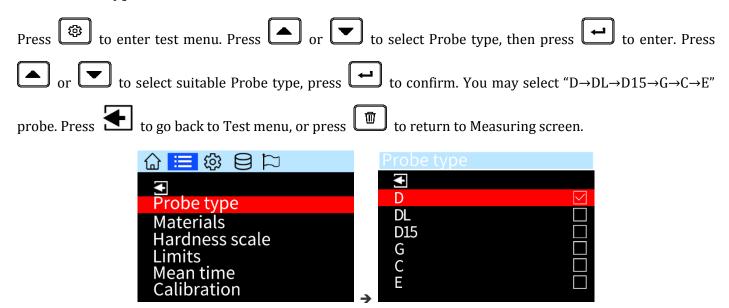


7.6 Test Menu

After starting, press to enter test menu. Press or to select the item. Press to enter selected item. After adjustment, press to confirm. Press to go back to Test menu, or press return to Measuring screen.

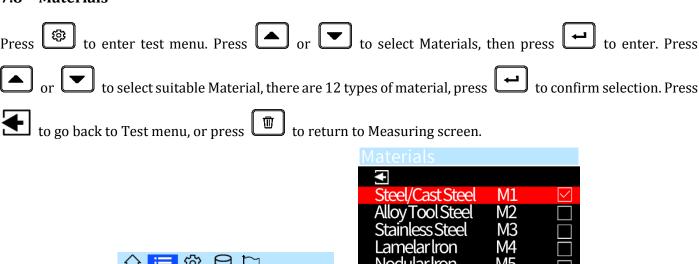


7.7 Probe Type



Note: Please select D if you use DC probe.

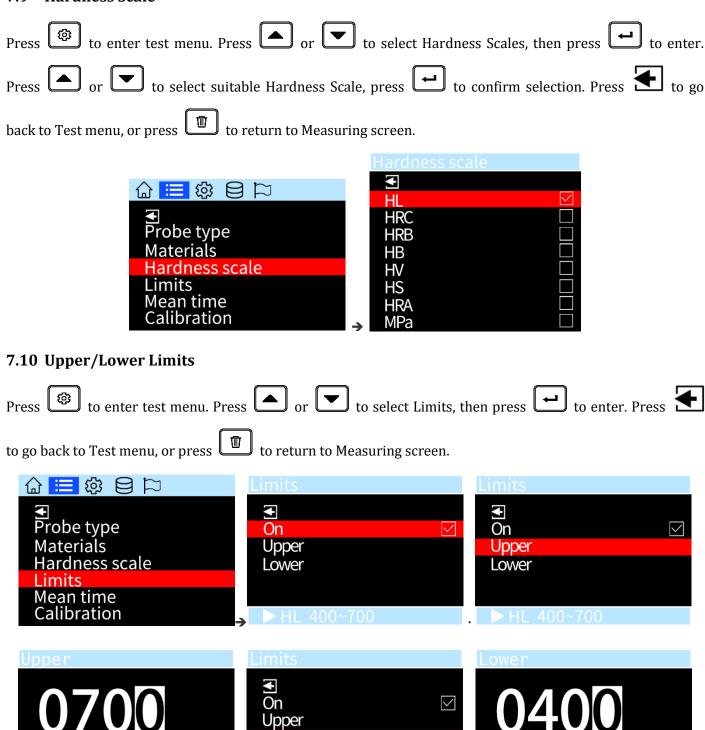
7.8 Materials





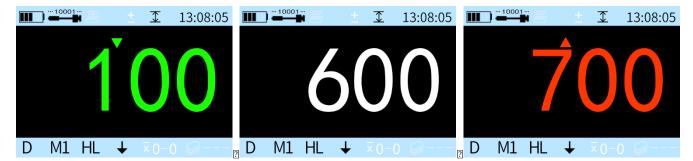
Note: M1, M10, M12 are all steel, and the difference between them: the conversion of M1 Hardness Unit follows the corresponding international standard; the conversion of M10 Hardness Unit follows the corresponding state standard (forged steel); the conversion of M12 Hardness Unit follows the corresponding state standard (steel rolling). There are some numerical differences between the three standards. The user should select the proper one.

7.9 Hardness Scale

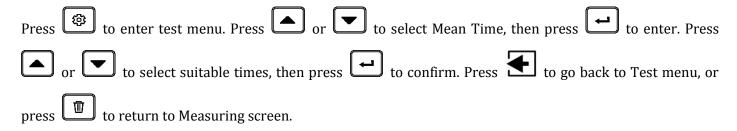


Select "On" to enable pre-set Upper/Lower Limit, and display " T " in Measure screen. After enabling, the Voice Prompt is enabled by default. After overrun, prompt three sounds. If the measurement is above the Upper Limit, " displays next to the readings. If the measurement is under the Lower Limit, " displays next to the readings. Select "Off" to disable Upper/Lower Limit prompt. Select "Upper" or "Lower" to adjust. The Upper Limit must be higher than the Lower Limit, otherwise, the settings are invalid.

The settings of Upper/Lower Limit will impact the statistics of the qualified rate. Any value overrun is deemed as disqualified, otherwise, it is deemed as qualified.

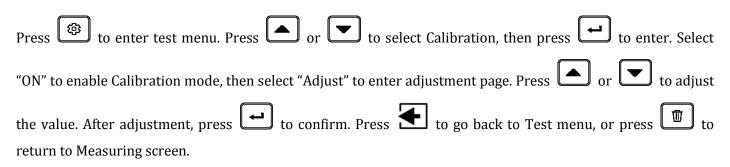


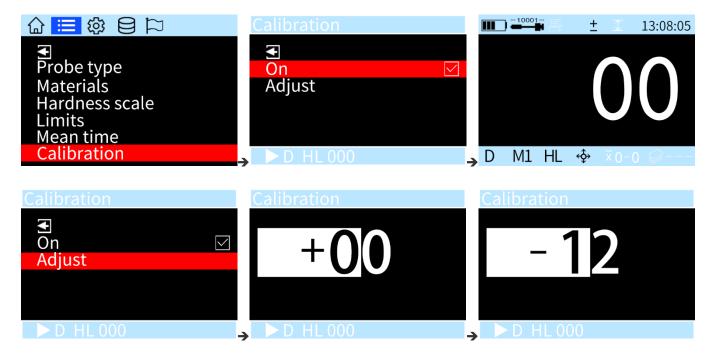
7.11 Mean Time





7.12 Calibration





On: To enable / disable the calibration.

Before calibration, please load factory default settings first (refer to 7.3 Load Default), then select calibration

menu, then adjust value according to the accuracy, finally press to accept changes. After Calibration is done,

the symbol — will be displayed at the top line of the screen.

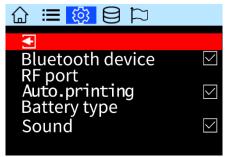
Note: before formal measuring using the instrument, check if the calibration is correct.

Note: if the calibration value is set to 0, the Calibration cannot be enabled.

Note: Calibration is only a temporary way to ensure measurement accuracy. It is not recommended conduct calibration frequently to ensure accuracy of the instrument. For permanent calibration, please contact the manufacturer.

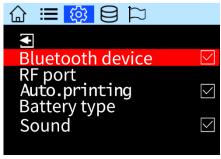
7.13 Configuration Menu

Press to enter test menu and then press to enter Configuration menu. Press or to select different items. Press to enter. Press to go back to Configuration menu, or press return to Measuring screen.



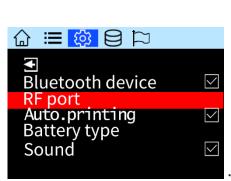
7.14 Bluetooth Device (Optional)

Press to enter test menu and then press to enter Configuration menu. Press or to enable / disable Bluetooth function. After selection, press to go back to Measuring screen.



7.15 RF port (Optional)

Press to enter test menu and then press to enter Configuration menu. Press or to select RF port, then press to enter. After selection, press to go back to Configuration menu, or press to return to Measuring screen.





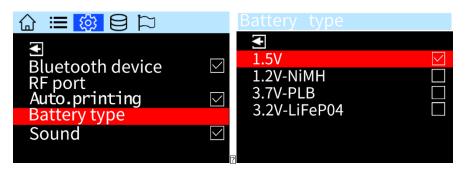
7.16 Auto. Printing

Press to enter test menu and then press to enter Configuration menu. Press or to select Auto. Printing. Press to enable / disable Auto. Printing. After selection, press to go back to Test menu, press to go back to Measuring screen.



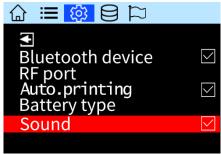
7.17 Battery Type

Press to enter test menu and then press to enter Configuration menu. Press or to select Battery Types then press to confirm. After selection, press to go back to Configuration menu, press to go back to Measuring screen.



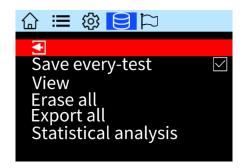
7.18 Sound

Press to enter test menu and then press to enter Configuration menu. Press or to select Sound then press to enable / disable sound indicator. After selection, press to go back to Test menu, press to go back to Measuring screen.



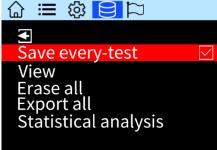
7.19 Database

Press to enter test menu and then press to enter database menu. Press or to select different items. Press to confirm. Press to go back to Database menu, or press to return to Measuring screen.



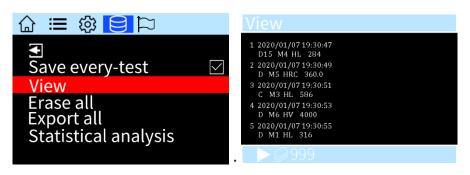
7.20 Save every-test

Press to enter test menu and then press to enter Database menu. Press or to select Save every-test, then press to enable / disable this function. After selection, press to go back to Measuring screen.



7.21 View

Press to enter test menu and then press to enter Database menu. Press or to select View, then press to enter view page. After selection, press to go back to Database menu or press to go back to Measuring screen.

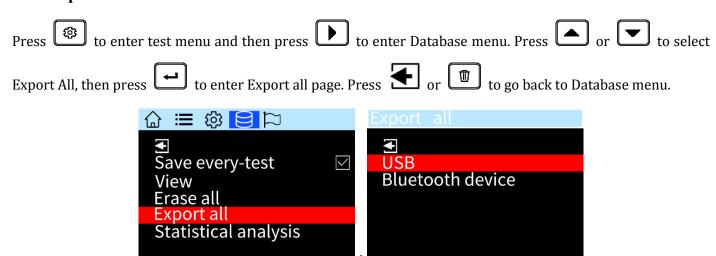


7.22 Erase All

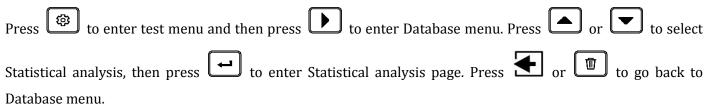
Press to enter test menu and then press to enter Database menu. Press or to select to select to enter Erase All, then press to enter Erase all page. Press to go back to Database menu.

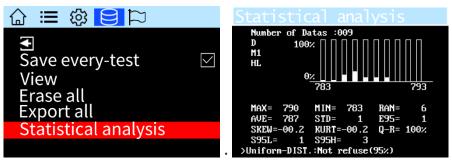


7.23 Export All



7.24 Statistical analysis





Statistical analysis was used to analyses the test results of a batch of tested materials in order to find the characteristics.

To perform statistics analysis, the data amount shall be 4 at least, otherwise, displaying "The data amount is less than 4".

For statistics analysis, the data type of the two groups shall be consistent for calculation, otherwise, displaying "Data in FILE are different types". Consistent data type covers the sensor, materials and unit.

FILE A: Group A

NUM: Data amount in current group

D M1 HL: Probe, Materials, Hardness Unit

RAN (?): Range

AVE: Average value

STD (?): Standard Deviation

E95 (?): Mean 95% Confidence Intervals (Standard Deviation)

SKEW (?): Skewness

KUPT: Kurtosis

S95H (?): Standard Deviation, 95% Confidence Intervals Upper Limit, S95L: Standard Deviation 95% Confidence Intervals Lower Limit

Uniform-DIST.: Not refuse (95%) (?): Uniform distribution: Not refuse (95%)

Normal or Uniform: Not refuse (95%): normal distribution or uniform distribution: Not refuse (95%)

Normal-DIST.: Not refuse (95%): normal distribution: Not refuse (95%)

Neither Uniform nor Normal DIST: Neither normal distribution nor uniform distribution.

7.25 Language Menu

Press to enter test menu and then press to enter Language menu. Press or to select different languages. Press to confirm. Press to return to Measuring screen.

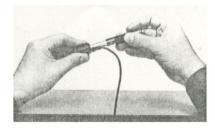


7.26 Measuring Procedure

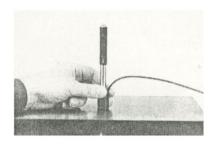
7.26.1 Turn on the tester

Press shortly to turn on the instrument, then the tester will enter measuring mode, Press and hold to turn off the tester. Before turning on the tester, please make sure to put suitable batteries and connect probe well.

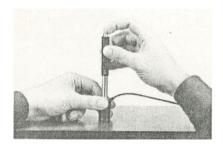
Measuring with cable probe



Loading: Press down the loading tube to lock the impact body inside the impact device.



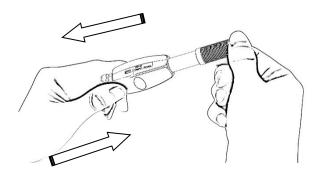
Placing: Place and press the support ring beneath the impact device on the surface of work-piece under test. Distance between two test points should be no less than 3mm.



Starting: Press the button on top of the impact device to release the locked impact body to complete the measurement.

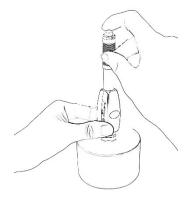
When one measurement is finished, the measured hardness value and related parameters will show on LCD. During the testing process, the probe, work-piece and body must be stable.

7.26.2 Measuring with wireless probe (Optional) Loading the wireless probe



Hold the impact device with left hand while push the loading tube with right hand toward to the end. Then loose the force and let the loading tube back to original position.

Release



Place the impact device against the object to be measured. Then press the release button on top of the impact device with finger of right hand. The measuring value will be displayed on LCD.

When the tester is switched on, the tester will enter into measuring mode, and the wireless probe will start working after loading.

8 Maintenance and Repair

Do your best to avoid shock, heavy dust, damp, strong magnetic field, and oil stain.

Maintenance of Impact Devices 8.1

Impact devices do not require any particular care other than periodic cleaning of the impact body and the guiding tube after performing approximately 1000-2000 tests. During cleaning, the following procedures should be observed:

Unscrew support ring and remove impact body from the guiding tube.

Remove any dirt and metallic dust from the impact body and the spherical test tip.

Clean the guiding tube with the special brush provided.

Do not apply oil to any parts of the impact device.

8.1.1 Change Battery

Batteries can be changed at any time. When AA alkaline batteries are used, please take the batteries out from battery compartment if the tester is not be used for a long time.

Introduction of PC software 8.2

Data communication software is designed for reading and processing the data of hardness tester. It can read the data from the memory of hardness tester, export the data to the computer and print the data from the computer printer.

System requirement: A PC with USB port

Windows 8 / Windows 10

8.2.1 Connect PC and hardness tester

Connect PC and hardness tester by a PC connection cable, switch on the tester, then press \longrightarrow \rightarrow



to select "RS232 Protocol", then press to enter RS232 page. Select "COMPUTER" and press to enable PC connection.

8.2.2 Driver installation

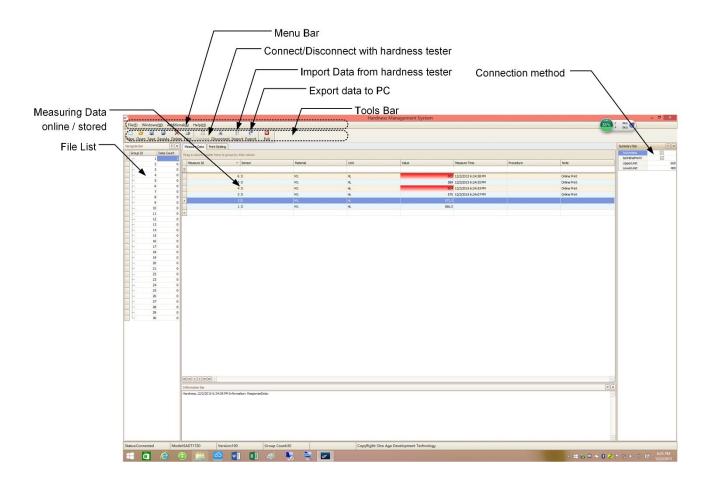
Computer will prompt "Found new hardware" while the hardness tester is connected to the computer first time, please install the driver located in X:\Drivers folder. (X: means CDROM drive letter).

8.2.3 Software Installation

Double click "setup.exe" to install the PC software. Please follow the installation wizard to finish it.

8.2.4 Start PC software

After the data communication software is installed, a shortcut will be created on the desktop automatically. Double click the shortcut to run the program.



The main interface of the software is a standard windows form, containing the title bar, menu bar and toolbar. Please note: After running the software, click the "Connect" from the toolbar to create connection between PC and tester. If it is connected by 2.4G/Bluetooth, please click "Is Wireless" option in the right Summary Bar first, then click "Connect" button to connect wireless connection. Bluetooth pairing code is 1234.

9 Optional Accessories

Support Rings for Impact Device D

| Part designation and dimensions: | | Suitable for the following test surfaces | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--|---------------------|
| D6 | Φ 19.5×5.5mm | R≥60mm | plane |
| | | | cylindrical |
| | | | hollow-cylindrical |
| | | | spherical |
| | | | hollow-spherical |
| D6a | Ф 13.5×5.5mm | R≥30mm | plane |
| | | | cylindrical |
| | | | hollow -cylindrical |
| | | | spherical |
| | | | hollow-spherical |
| Z 10-15 | 20×20×7.5mm | R 10mm-15mm | cylindrical |
| Z 14.5-30 | 20×20×6.5mm | R 14.5mm-30mm | |
| Z 25-50 | 20×20×6.5mm | R 25mm-50mm | |
| 1 | | R<10mm not possible | |
| | | R≥30mm D6/D6a | |
| HZ 11-13 | 20×18×5mm | R 11mm-13mm | hollow-cylindrical |
| HZ 12.5-17 | 20×20×5mm | R 12.5mm-17mm | nonow-cymuncar |
| HZ 16.5-30 | 20×20×5mm | R 16.5mm-30mm | |
| 112 10.5-30 | 20^20^Jiiiii | R<11mm not possible | |
| 1/57 | | R≥30mm D6a | |
| | | R≥30IIIII D0α | |
| K 10-15 | Φ 20×7.7mm | R 10mm-13mm | spherical |
| K 14.5-30 | Φ 20×6.7mm | R 14.5mm-30mm | |
| K 10-15 | | R<10mm not possible | |
| 8 | | R≥30mm D6/D6a | |
| HK 11-13 | Ф 17×5mm | R 11mm-13mm | hollow-spherical |
| HK 12.5-17 | Ф 18×5mm | R 12.5mm-17mm | • |
| HK 16.5-30 | Φ 20×5mm | R 16.5mm-30mm | |
| | | R<11mm not possible | |
| | | R≥30mm D6a | |
| UN | Ф 52×20×16mm | | |
| WO 6 | • | | |

9.1.1 Micro printer

9.1.1.1 Power on

Press the power switch (left button) and hold down for 3 seconds, then the power is on. The status indicator flashes.

9.1.1.2 *Power off*

Press the power switch (left button) and hold down for 3 seconds, then the power is off. The status indicator light turns off.

9.1.1.3 Feeding Paper

Press the paper feed button (right button), the printer start feeding paper. If release the button, then stop feeding paper.

9.1.1.4 Self-test

In the power-off state, press the paper feed button (right panel), do not release, and then power on. The printer will print self-test

9.1.1.5 Working Status Indication

Printer head overheating, lacking paper, roll cover open: work status indicator flashes, the flashing period is 4 seconds (bright for 2 seconds)

Communication Status Indicator: When the printer is in stand-by station, the working status indicator light period is 4 seconds (bright for 50 milliseconds).

9.1.1.6 Power Status Indication

In the printer working process, the remaining capacity is more than 50%, three-color power indicator, green light keep bright; when the battery power $50\% \sim 30\%$, three-color power indicator, the yellow light keep bright; when the battery is less than 30%, three-color power indicator, the red light keep bright; When the battery power is too low to support normal printing, the printer will automatically shut down

In the process of charging, the charger-color indicator light shows red. When charging is completed, three-color indicator light turns green.

9.1.1.7 Precautions

Operate the printer correctly; avoid any damage to the printer;

If jams occur, be sure to power off and wait for 10 seconds until the head is cooled down. Then remove the paper jam;

Do not place this product in wet or dusty environments; no pressing, stack forbidden;

Only use qualified paper roll (with axis);

Do not use paper roll with the end adhesive to the axis, otherwise the printer cannot measure the paper roll end correctly, or cause damage to the printer. Do not print data for long time